Financial stress in corporates - Tax and structuring aspects

2 May 2020

Outline of presentation

- **Economic scenario**
- Lifecycle of a stressed business
- Resolution RBI framework
- Resolution IBC framework
- Tax and structuring issues
- Concluding thoughts

Economic scenario

Economic scenario

Economy was already in slow lane...

- Decline in GDP growth to 4.7% in Q3
 FY 20
- Corporate profitability at a record low of 2.8% of GDP
- GNPA ratio remains elevated at 9.3%
- Twin balance sheet problem transformed into a Four balance sheet problem

...then came Covid-19

- Lock down to have severe economic consequences
- GDP may remain flat (or may even shrink)
- Many (new) sectors to see long-term impact
 - Hospitality
 - Air travel
 - White goods
 - Leisure/ Entertainment

Lifecycle of a stressed business

Lifecycle of a stressed business

Turnaround

Managing liquidity

Cost rationalization

Revisiting Capex

Rightsizing headcount

Stabilization of revenue and margins

Restructuring

Sale of non-core assets/ business

Raise equity or debt finance

Refinancing

Financial restructuring

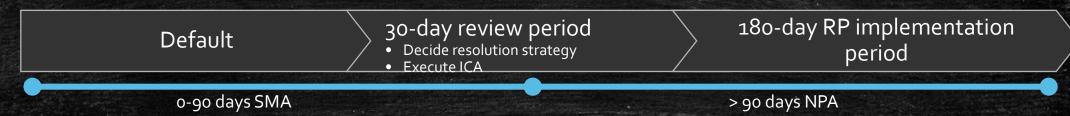
Merger with a stronger player

Resolution

RBI Framework

Insolvency resolution under IBC

- RBI framework contained in Resolution of Stressed Assets Directions 2019 dt June 7, 2019
- Applies to Banks, Fls, SFBs, NBFC-ND-SI and NBFC-D
- Extant resolution mechanisms such as CDR, SDR, S4A etc. withdrawn
- Time-lines and classification

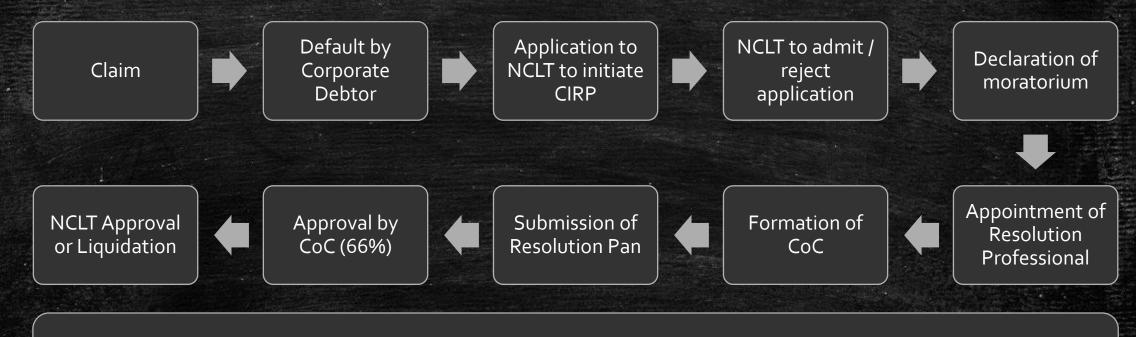


- Resolution plan
 - Can provide a variety of steps/ structuring mechanism

- Issue of shares to lenders on conversion of loan
 - Exemption to banks for acquisition
 - SEBI's preferential issue guidelines not applicable subject to conditions
 - Exemption from making an open offer under the SEBI takeover code
 - Exemption under the Companies Act for issue of shares at a discount on conversion of debt into equity under the resolution plan
- SEBI's consultation paper released for ease of fund raising by stressed companies under the preferential issue guidelines
- ECB Regulation
 - ECB for repayment of INR loan for Capex in Infra and Manufacturing sectors under OTS
 - Banks also permitted to assign their loans to eligible ECB lenders

- Single insolvency and bankruptcy framework
 - Code has an overriding effect over any inconsistency in other laws
 - NBFCs / HFCs with assets > 500 Crs covered
- Time-bound resolution process
- Process can be initiated as soon as a default occurs
 - Cash-flow based approach v Balance-sheet based approach
 - Threshold for minimum amount of default raised to INR 1 Crs from INR 1 Lakh
- Allows lenders to come together and control the borrower to maximize recovery
 - Most actions require 66% approval
- Provides moratorium during the resolution process
- Clear priority of distribution
 - Government dues rank lower than those of secured creditors and unsecured financial creditors

Insolvency resolution process – an overview



CIRP process to be completed in 180 days + extension of 90 days possible with the approval of CoC (66%)

Overall time limit of 330 days (including time taken for litigation)

- Resolution Plan key aspects
 - Resolution as a "going concern" mergers/ demergers permissible
 - Should not contravene provisions of other laws
 - Binds all stakeholders including the Government
 - Superior rights of financial creditors
 - Operational creditors entitled to a minimum of liquidation value or amount as per s.53 waterfall
 - CoC can commercially decide on the distribution of resolution proceeds

Waterfall mechanism (section 53)

Insolvency Resolution Process and Liquidation Costs

Secured Creditor (if security is relinquished)



Workmen's dues (past 24 months)

Wages and unpaid dues owed to employees other than workmen (past 12 months)



Financial debts owed to unsecured creditors

Government dues (past 2 years)



Secured Creditor(s)
(if short recovery from security)

Any remaining debts or dues



Preference shareholders, if any



Equity shareholders or partners, as the case may be

- Companies Act
 - Issue of shares at discount
 - No separate approval of shareholders
- ECB Regulations
 - ECB for repayment of INR term loan approval route
- SEBI
 - De-listing regulations
 - Exemption under preferential issue guidelines
 - Exemptions under takeover code

Normal tax

- Write-back of principal amount of loan (term v. working capital)
- Write-back of o/s interest
- Write-back of operational creditors
- Write-off of assets (depreciable v. non-depreciable)
- Conversion of debt / o/s interest into equity

MAT <

- Write-back of liabilities / Write-off of assets
- Impairment provision
- Fair valuation on restructuring of debt
- Fair valuation on debt-to-equity conversion

Existing v. concessional tax regime u/s 115BAA

Tax attributes

- Availability and preservation of tax attributes
- Tax losses, UAD and MAT losses
- Tax holiday

Deemed gift tax

- Funds infusion by way of shares / securities
- Conversion of debt into equity
- Write-back of creditors and loans

IBC v. Outside IBC

- Relief for o/s tax dues
- Sum of business loss + UAD for MAT
- Continuity of tax losses (s.t. opportunity of being heard)

GAAR – Commercial rationale

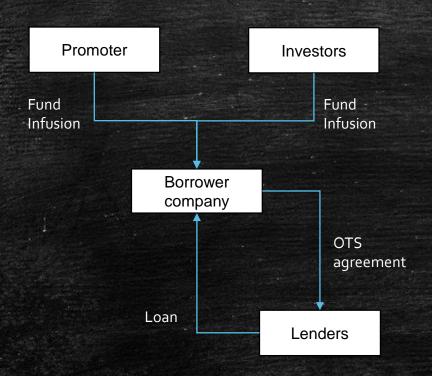
Stamp duty

NBFC/CIC

FEMA

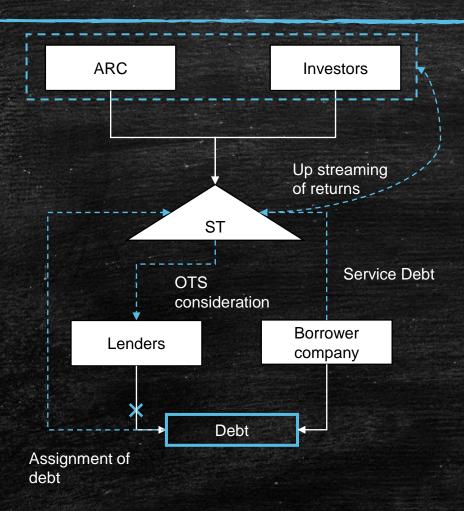
Competition Laws

Case study 1 - One-time settlement



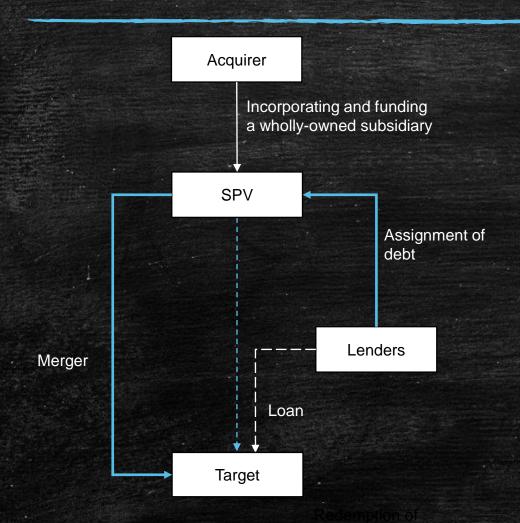
- Borrower company to enter into OTS with the Lenders
- Borrower company to raise funds required for repayment under OTS from:
 - Promoter
 - Investors

Case study 2 - ARC Structure



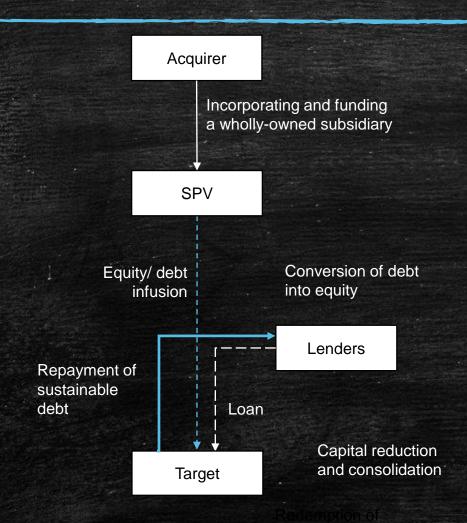
- Lenders to assign debt to ST under OTS
- ST pays the consideration to lenders
- Borrower company to service loan
- ST to upstream income to the investors and ARC

Case study 3 - Assignment of debt (IBC)



- Incorporate SPV
- Assignment of debt
- Merger of SPV into Target

Case study 4 - Capital reduction (IBC)



- Acquirer to incorporate an SPV
- Conversion of debt into equity
- Capital reduction and consolidation
- Repayment of sustainable debt

Concluding thoughts

Concluding thoughts

- Several businesses in a variety of sectors may undergo restructuring or resolution due to Covid-19 related stress
- IBC v. Outside IBC
 - Fear of losing valuable assets
- Need for a 'pre-pack' insolvency regime under IBC
 - Flexibility of pre-agreed restructuring plan
 - Protection of IBC process
- Need to strengthen scheme of arrangement provisions under the Companies Act



Questions

Thank You!

CA. Kushal Parikh kushal.parikh.9@gmail.com